Year 3 English Overview			
Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Focus texts for writing	Focus texts for writing	Focus texts for writing	
CORRECT ANTHONY BROWNE	THE GREAT CONTRACTOR OF THE GREAT CONTRACTOR OF THE GREAT CONTRACTOR OF THE GREAT	NELSON MANDELA LONG VUAL 6 FREEDOM Manuel Constants 10 FREEDOM Manuel Constants 10 FREEDOM	
Active English Focus 1	Active English Focus unit 1	Active English Focus unit 1	
Capital letters/full stops, Nouns, verbs,	Pronouns, possessive pronouns, speech, recap of	Formal language, chronology, sentence types	
adjectives, adverbs, expanded noun phrases,	Autumn terms objectives	(statements, questions, exclamations and	
coordinating conjunctions	Active English unit 2	commands	
Active English Focus 2	Paragraphs, openers, subordination,	Active English Focus unit 2	
Main, subordinate clauses, openers, commas	coordination	Descriptive language techniques (similes,	
Active English Focus 3	Active English Focus unit 3	metaphors etc)	
Recap coordination and subordination, verb	sentence type and selection, punctuation types	Active English Focus unit 3	
choices and adverbs, fronted adverbials	(commas etc)	Paragraphs, main, subordination and	
Active English Focus 4	Active English Focus unit 4	coordination, openers	
Imperative verbs, time openers, commands,	Vocabulary choices that meet the purpose of	Active English Focus unit 4	
prepositions, determiners	poetry type, other word classes yet to be covered	Recap of areas of need from year	
Possible genre to be used as a vehicle to apply the above learning:	Possible genre to be used as a vehicle to apply the above learning:	Possible genre to be used as a vehicle to apply the above learning:	
Instructions - (to be written as part of a unit in English books, not as an independent write but rather as a vehicle for the grammar content and to engage the writer. Can be written in parts rather than in its entirety).	Poetry - (to be written as part of a unit in English books, not as an independent write but rather as a vehicle for the grammar content and to engage the writer. Can be written in parts rather than in its entirety).	Formal letter - (to be written as part of a unit in English books, not as an independent write but rather as a vehicle for the grammar content and to engage the writer. Can be written in parts rather than in its entirety).	

Final written outcomes Genre	<u>Final written outcomes</u> <u>Genre</u>	<u>Final written outcomes</u> <u>Genre</u>
Information text – to be written in Independent Writing books.	<u>Recount of events in the book</u> – to be written in Independent Writing books.	<u>Non-chronological report</u> – to be written in Independent Writing books.
<u>Narrative</u> – direct speech between father and daughter – to be written in Independent Writing books.	<u>Narrative descriptive</u> – to be written in Independent Writing books.	<u>Narrative- problem resolution</u> – to be written in Independent Writing books.
Spelling Autumn Term	Spelling Spring Term	Spelling Summer Term
HFW – targeted to each child (5 at a time)	HFW – targeted to each child (5 at a time)	HFW – targeted to each child (5 at a time)
le, el, al and il (as in 'meddle', 'tunnel', 'animal', 'pencil' Verbs ending y which then changes to ies and ied (as in 'copy', 'copies' and 'copied') Unusual uses of vowels, such as 'o' being used for the 'u' sound ('other') and 'a' being used for the 'o' sound ('warm')	<ul> <li>'ed' words (1 weeks)</li> <li>'ing' words (1weeks)</li> <li>'er' words (1 weeks)</li> <li>Year 3 and 4 spelling list (1 week)</li> <li>'y' instead of 'l' words e.g. gym (1 weeks)</li> <li>Able and ible words (1 week)</li> <li>Homophones (2 weeks)</li> <li>REVISION OF TERMS WORDS (2 weeks)</li> </ul> 3 WORDS FROM BOTH YEAR 3 AND 4 SPELLING	Pre fixes mis-, dis-, im- (2 weeks) Pre fixes il-, ir-, re-, auto, sub-, inter-, super-, anti- (3 weeks) Able and ible words (2 weeks) Homophones (2 weeks) Year 3 and 4 spelling lists (1 week) REVISION OF TERMS WORDS (2 weeks) 3 WORDS FROM BOTH YEAR 3 AND 4 SPELLING
Words containing <u>suffixes</u> (groups of letters added to the end of a word) including -ly, - ment, -ful, -ness and –less) Words where <u>apostrophes</u> are used to show contractions, such as: 'do not' changing to 'don't' Words ending -tion such as ('fiction')	LISTS COMPLETED EACH WEEK	LISTS COMPLETED EACH WEEK

Homophones, which are pairs of words that sound the same, but are spelt differently (such as: 'hear' and 'here' RECAP OF TERMS SPELLING WORDS	